THE CAPITAL PRUDENTIAL AND TREASURY INDICATORS 2018/19 – 2020/21 AND MRP STATEMENT

The Council's capital expenditure plans are the key driver of treasury management activity. The output of the capital expenditure plans is reflected in the prudential indicators, which are designed to assist members' overview and confirm capital expenditure plans.

1.1.1 Capital expenditure

Capital	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
expenditure	Actual	Estimat	Estimat	Estimat	Estimat
£m	£m	e	e	e	e
		£m	£m	£m	£m
Total	2.8	5.3	1.9	1.6	16.2

1.1.2 Minimum revenue provision (MRP) policy statement

The Council is required to pay off an element of the accumulated General Fund capital spend each year (the CFR) through a revenue charge (the minimum revenue provision - MRP), although it is also allowed to undertake additional voluntary payments if required (voluntary revenue provision - VRP).

CLG regulations have been issued which require the full Council to approve an MRP Statement in advance of each year. A variety of options are provided to councils, so long as there is a prudent provision.

Following the disposal of the Council's Housing stock the calculated MRP is now nil.

1.1.3 Affordability prudential indicators

The previous sections cover the overall capital and control of borrowing prudential indicators, but within this framework prudential indicators are required to assess the affordability of the capital investment plans. These provide an indication of the impact of the capital investment plans on the Council's overall finances. The Council is asked to approve the following indicators:

a. Ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream

This indicator identifies the trend in the cost of capital (borrowing and other long term obligation costs net of investment income) against the net revenue stream.

%	2016/17 Actual	2017/18 Estimat	2018/19 Estimat	2019/20 Estimat	2020/21 Estimat
		e	e	e	e
Ratio	4.64%	4.57%	4.49%	4.25%	1.29%

The estimates of financing costs include current commitments and the proposals in this budget report.

b. Incremental impact of capital investment decisions on the band D council tax

£	2016/17 Actual	2017/18 Estimate	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate	2020/21 Estimate
Council tax - band D	12.36	12.09	11.19	11.02	4.04

1.1.4 Treasury indicators for debt

There are three debt related treasury activity limits. The purpose of these are to restrain the activity of the treasury function within certain limits, thereby managing risk and reducing the impact of any adverse movement in interest rates. However, if these are set to be too restrictive they will impair the opportunities to reduce costs / improve performance. The indicators are:

- Upper limits on variable interest rate exposure. This identifies a maximum limit for variable interest rates based upon the debt position net of investments;
- Upper limits on fixed interest rate exposure. This is similar to the previous indicator and covers a maximum limit on fixed interest rates;
- Maturity structure of borrowing. These gross limits are set to reduce the Council's exposure to large fixed rate sums falling due for refinancing, and are required for upper and lower limits.

The Council is asked to approve the following treasury indicators and limits:

£m	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21			
Interest rate exposures						
	Upper	Upper	Upper			
Limits on fixed	100%	100%	100%			
interest rates based on						
net debt						
Limits on variable	50%	50%	50%			
interest rates based on						
net debt						
Maturity structure of fixed interest rate borrowing 2018/19						
		Lower	Upper			
Under 12 months		0%	0%			
12 months to 2 years		0%	0%			
2 years to 5 years		80%	80%			
5 years to 10 years	0%	0%				
10 years to 20 years	0%	0%				
20 years to 30 years		0%	0%			
30 years to 40 years	20%	20%				
40 years to 50 years	0%	0%				
Maturity structure of variable interest rate borrowing 2018/19						
		Lower	Upper			
Under 12 months	0%	0%				
12 months to 2 years	0%	0%				
2 years to 5 years	0%	0%				
5 years to 10 years	0%	0%				
10 years to 20 years	0%	0%				
20 years to 30 years	0%	0%				
30 years to 40 years	0%	0%				
40 years to 50 years	0%	0%				